5.7

1. The speaker is uncertain, making a guess that it could be their bus.
2. The speaker is making a confident judgement that they would be happy.
3. The speaker has a reason to believe the person is the bride’s father.
4. The speaker is making a careful prediction based on their knowledge (for example, the bus’s timetable) that the bus is supposed to be there soon.
5. The speaker is making a rough prediction based on their common sense about the weather, but they are not very sure, simply suggesting a possibility.
6. The speaker is making a declaration based on their feeling, showing a strong belief supported by intuition without much evidence from the reality.

5.8

1. Epistemic: the speaker is referring to a rule on the legal age for drinking which they cannot remember clearly or are not sure whether it is applied here or not.

Deontic: the speaker is refusing to serve alcohol to a person under twenty-one, or is giving a polite command or advise to some bartender not to do so.

1. Epistemic: the speaker is suggesting a possible choice of where the listener may go.

Deontic: the speaker is giving the listener the permission to go home.

1. Epistemic: the speaker is suggesting a possible choice for the time of the exam.

Deontic: the speaker is expressing their wish to take the exam early.

1. Epistemic: the speaker is making a prediction that the listener will not leave.

Deontic: the speaker is making a command that the listener is not allowed to leave.

1. Epistemic: the speaker is making a prediction on their time of arrival.

Deontic: the speaker had made a promise/agreement on their time of arrival.

5.9

1. Urge:

Subjunctive: He urged that measures be taken as soon as possible.

Modal verb: He urged that measures should be taken as soon as possible.

1. Demand:

Subjunctive: She demands that he leave the room.

Modal verb: She demands that he should leave the room.

1. Beg:

Subjunctive: I beg that you reconsider my suggestion.

Modal verb: I beg that you will reconsider my suggestion.

1. Command:

Subjunctive: Her parents command that she comes home before ten.

Modal verb: Her parents command that she should come home before ten.

1. Insist:

Subjunctive: He insists that he goes there on his own.

Modal verb: He insists that he shall go there on his own.

1. Request:

Subjunctive: The teacher request that they come early.

Modal verb: The teacher request that they should come early.

1. Suggest:

Subjunctive: I suggest that we proofread the essay before handing it in.

Modal verb: I suggest that we should proofread the essay before handing it in.

5.10

1. Induction or hearsay evidence
2. Deduction
3. Sensory evidence
4. Induction
5. Sensory evidence or hearsay evidence (depending on whether the speaker made the conclusion from what “he” said or what someone else said)
6. Induction
7. Hearsay evidence
8. Belief